Children's Participation

Professor Laura Lundy

@ProfLauraLundy
@ChildRightsQUB @LawUCC

Outline

Child participation as a human right

The Lundy model

Myth-busting

Part 1: Children's Participation as a human right

Source: Child Rights Connect (2019): Child-friendly Convention on the Rights of the Child by Unicef-Child Rights Connect https://childrightsconnect.org/faq-items/child-friendly-convention-on-the-rights-ofthe-child-by-unicef-child-rights-connect/



0 Article 12 UN Convention **On the Rights** of the Child

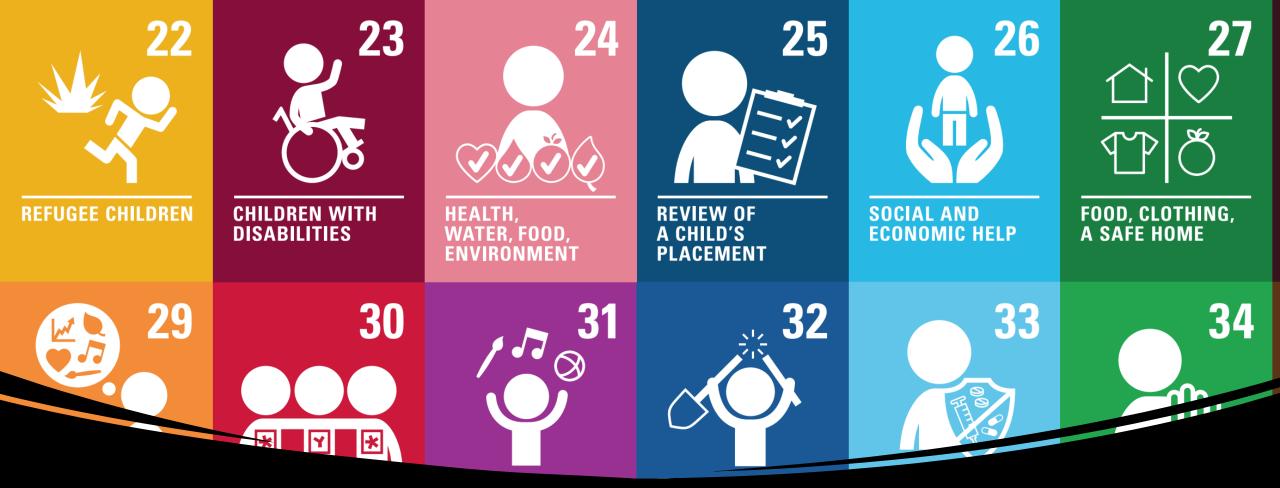
+

States Parties shall assure to the child who is capable of forming his or her own views the right to express those views freely in all matters affecting the child,

the views of the child being given due weight in accordance with the age and maturity of the child."

The benefits of child participation...

Why is it a human right?



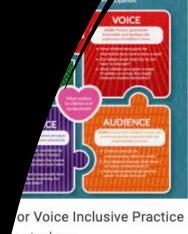
Source: Child Rights Connect (2019): Child-friendly Convention on the Rights of the Child by Unicef-Child Rights Connect https://childrightsconnect.org/faq-items/child-friendly-convention-onthe-rights-of-the-child-by-unicef-child-rights-connect/

A general principle with crosscutting effect A right in itself and a means of realizing all other rights

A right of individuals and A right of groups of children

Part 2: The Lundy Model

Sources (in the bottom line from left to right): the Lundy Model apps.who.int Lundy's Voice Model Checklist for Participation cypsc.ie Lundy's Voice Model Checklist for Participation cypsc.ie the Lundy Model hubnanog.ie





DICE

luence



the Lundy Model ceforum.org



blog.eera-ecer.de



WSA Enabling Student Voice :... headstartkernow.org.uk





Haw can children and How one children young people feel safe to express their sizes? young people pr the support they their views and b · Have you allowed enough How can they re time to listen to and hear their views? that matter to th Hew do you make sure How are they of that all children and young ways of giving t people are heard?

Hew do you show

ered willing to lis

young people's v

How do you mak

understand who

with their views?

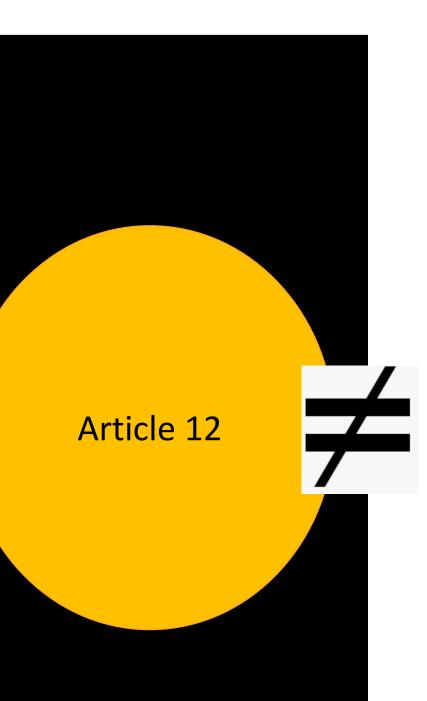
· How will children and young people knew new much refluence they can have an decisizen? . How will you give them feedback? · How will you share with them the impact of their views en

Laura Lundy on Twitter: "This is the ... twitter.com



safety in violence research ... our-voices.org.uk





A DISCONNECT

Adults' understanding

Source: NI Children's Commissioner

What does Article 12 require?

The Voice of the Child?

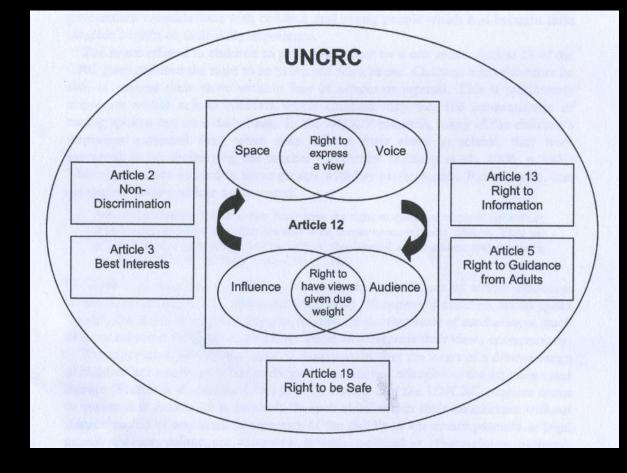
The Right to be Heard?

The Right to Participate?

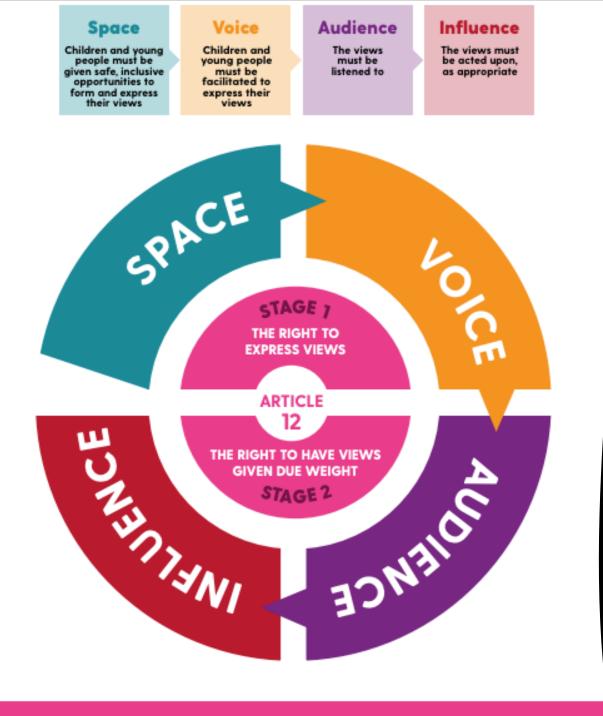
"Each of these abbreviations is an imperfect summary and can potentially undermine its implementation." Lundy 2007

"Voice" is not enough...

Lundy (2007)



Source: Lundy, Laura (2007): 'Voice' is not enough: conceptualising Article 12 of the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child. In: British Educational Research Journal, Vol. 33, No. 6, p. 932



- SPACE: Children must be given the opportunity to express a view
- VOICE: Children must be facilitated to express their views
- AUDIENCE: The view must be listened to.
- INFLUENCE: The view must be acted upon, as appropriate.

Source: Department of Children, Equality, Disability, Integration and Youth (2021): Participation Framework. National Framework for Children and Young People's Participation in Decision-making. Dublin https://hubnanog.ie/wp-content/uploads/2021/04/5587-Child-Participation-Framework report LR FINAL Rev.pdf, p. 15

SPACE

SPACE

Actively created

How can children and young people feel safe to express their views?

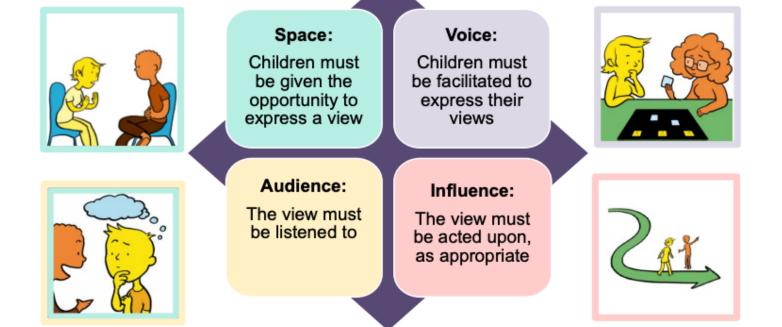
- Have you allowed enough time to listen to and hear their views?
- How do you make sure that all children and young people are heard?

Safe

Inclusive

Source: Department of Children, Equality, Disability, Integration and Youth (2021): Participation Framework. National Framework for Children and Young People's Participation in Decision-making. Dublin

https://hubnanog.ie/wp-content/uploads/2021/04/5587-Child-Participation-Framework_report_LR_FINAL_Rev.pdf, p. 20



Adapted from: Lundy, L (2007) 'Voice' is not enough: conceptualizing Article 12 of the United Nations Convention on the Rights of the Child. British Educational Research Journal, 33(6)

How can Talking Mats support Children and Young People to have a Voice?

Space

- Visual structure supports focus, understanding, and aids memory storage and recall.
- Provides time and space to process information and respond in their own time.
- Gives control to the thinker
- Topic is broken down into manageable chunks.
- Attention can be focused on understanding and

Voice

- Makes views visible and allows the thinker's voice to be heard.
- Gives time to formulate thoughts and express these verbally or non-verbally
- Provides a balanced view including positive and negative, including things the thinker is not sure of.
- Allows time to reflect and change responses.

Talking Mats

Source: https://www.talkingmats.com/talking-matsin-action/for-health-and-social-care/

VOICE

Voluntary

How are children and young people provided with the support they need to give their views and be heard?

- How can they raise the things that matter to them?
- How are they offered different ways of giving their views?

Choice in mode of expression

Supported to form and express views

Source: Department of Children, Equality, Disability, Integration and Youth (2021): Participation Framework. National Framework for Children and Young People's Participation in Decision-making. Dublin

https://hubnanog.ie/wp-content/uploads/2021/04/5587-Child-Participation-Framework_report_LR_FINAL_Rev.pdf, p. 20

The right to Information is a pre-requisite

Source (right figure): European Commission (2021): Creating child-friendly versions of written documents: a guide. Luxembourg

https://www.qub.ac.uk/research-centres/CentreforChildrensRights/CCRFilestore/Filetoupload,1269252,en.pdf, cover

Some people also want to use children sexually so that they can make money. This is called sexual exploitation.

It is **ALWAYS wrong** if adults threaten you or give you money, alcohol or presents to get you to do things with your body, or theirs that make you feel sad, ashamed or uncomfortable.

Rigths. Strasbourg

rights.html, p. 7





AUDIENCE

Active listening



AUDIENCE

 How do you make sure they understand what you can do with their views?

All relevant decisionmakers

Formal channels of communication

Source: Department of Children, Equality, Disability, Integration and Youth (2021): Participation Framework. National Framework for Children and Young People's Participation in Decision-making. Dublin

https://hubnanog.ie/wp-content/uploads/2021/04/5587-Child-Participation-Framework_report_LR_FINAL_Rev.pdf, p. 20

Leicester City Council

East Midlands Shared Service Salary:	S 2S_eicestershire County Coun 2 225,932 - Pro-Rata	cilWorking Hours:	Part Time , Hours per week - 18.5 Home About Us Services S
Appointment Type:	Permanent	Location:	County Hall, County Hall, Glenfield, Leicester, LE3 8RF
Reference:	CYP1953	Closing date:	18 September 2022 at midnight

We are looking for an experienced Youth Worker that is enthusiastic & committed in ensuring that the voice & influence in Children & Young People is centre to the Youth & Justice Service within the Childrens & families department. The ideal candidate will work effectivity using the Lundy model of participation and following the service agenda of Child first approach

INFLUENCE

Realistic

- How will children and young people know how much influence they can have on decisions?
- How will you give them feedback?
- How will you share with them the impact of their views on decisions?
- How will you explain the reasons for the decisions taken?

Transparent

Feedback and follow-up

Source: Department of Children, Equality, Disability, Integration and Youth (2021): Participation Framework. National Framework for Children and Young People's Participation in Decision-making. Dublin

https://hubnanog.ie/wp-content/uploads/2021/04/5587-Child-Participation-Framework_report_LR_FINAL_Rev.pdf, p. 20

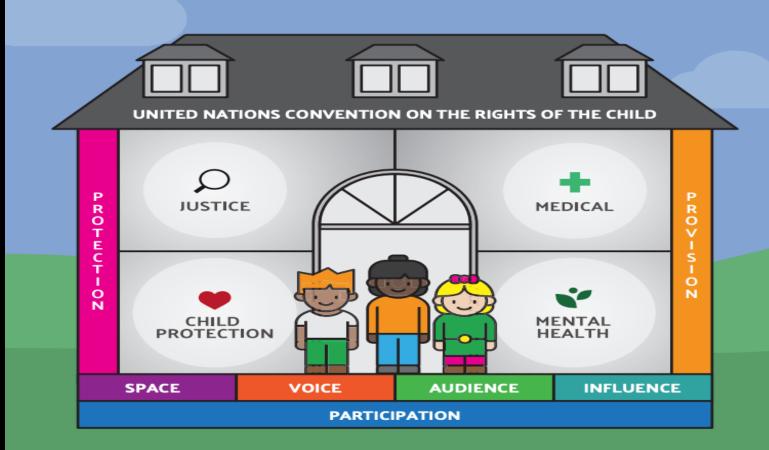
Involving children in designing services

With Dr Mary Mitchell and Dr Louise Hill for the European



THE UNIVERSITY of EDINBURGH School of Social and Political Science

Children's Participation in Barnahus



Source: Graphic based on Hill, Louise/Lundy, Laura/Mitchel, Mary (2021): Promise: Building a culture of participation in barnahus. Implementing Children's Right to Participate in Decision-Making. Stockholm https://www.barnahus.eu/en/wp-content/uploads/2021/11/Participation-in-Barnahus-FINAL.pdf, p. 7

• • • • • • • • • • •

OUR PLAN FOR PARTICIPATION Our Aim: Every time a decision is taken that directly affects a child or young person, their views are taken into cons How we think: How we work: • Participation toolkit for staff Participation training for staff Mentoring & coaching each Sharing good examples of what Children and young people help us to write our policies Sharing Children's Charter and Young People's Charter Participation included in all job descriptions Children and young people's needs included in funding decisions What can help us: Giving feedback to Tell Us at Tusia Information that is easy for everyone to understand Investing in Children Membership Awards Signs of Safety, Meitheal How we work together: • Tusla National Website for young people, by young people Aftercare Website Seed funding projects for children and young people Participation conferences Who should do this? • All Tusla staff Fora for children with care • All staff in organisations Tusia gives money to experience Involving children and young people in the recruitment proce All staff in organisations that work with Tusla in the

There are lots of ways to become involved with Tusla. Ask your youth worker, family support worker, social worker, social care worker or aftercare worker for more information on projects in your local area.



TUSLA (Ireland's Child and Family Protection Agency)

Source: Tusla – Child and Family Agency (2019): Child and youth participation strategy 2019-2023 https://www.tusla.ie/uploads/content/tusla_child_and_youth_ participation_strategy-2019-2023.pdf, p. 33 (left figure), p. 5 (right figure)

ITS APPEAL

"Legally sound and userfriendly"

Intended to capture the qualities of rights-based participation rather than different forms or levels of participation

Source: World Health Organization (2018): Engaging young people for health and sustainable development. Strategic opportunities for the World Health Organization and partners. Geneva

https://apps.who.int/iris/bitstream/handle/10665/274368/9789241514576eng.pdf?sequence=1&isAllowed=y, p. 7



Participation with purpose

Source: Department of Children, Equality, Disability, Integration and Youth (2021): Participation Framework. National Framework for Children and Young People's Participation in Decision-making. Dublin

https://hubnanog.ie/wp-content/uploads/2021/04/5587-Child-Participation-Framework_report_LR_FINAL_Rev.pdf, cover



Rialtas na hÉireann Government of Ireland

PACE

Participation Framework

National Framework for Children and Young People's Participation in Decision-making

Evaluation Checklist

This checklist is a guide for the self-evaluation and external evaluation of policies, plans, services, programmes, governance, research and legislation at national, local and organisational level.

How did you ensure that children and Did you make a clear list of the О young people were involved as early topics on which you want to hear the as possible? views of children and young people? How was their involvement sustained? How did you ensure that the key focus of the process stayed on the topics you How were those who are directly identified? affected by the topic involved? How did they know that participation was What steps were taken to ensure the voluntary and they could withdraw at any time? process was inclusive and accessible? How did you support them to give their own How were they supported to feel views, while including age-appropriate and safe and comfortable expressing accessible information? themselves? How did you ensure that they were given a range What support was provided to of ways to express themselves that best suited those who became anxious, upset their needs and choices? or uncomfortable? How did the process allow them to identify topics they wanted to discuss? How were children and young people How did children and young people know informed about the scope they have to whom, how and when their views would (including the limitations) to influence be communicated? decision-making? How did you show that you were committed to How were they given age-appropriate being informed and influenced by their views? and accessible feedback at key points How did you identify and involve relevant during the development of a service decision-makers (those responsible for or policy? influencing change)? What did you do with their views? How and when was a report/record and How were they given age-appropriate a child or youth-friendly summary of their and accessible feedback explaining views compiled? how their views were used and the How did you ensure that they were given reasons for the decisions taken, in an opportunity to confirm that their a timely manner? AUDIENC views were accurately recorded? How did you ensure that they were What plans were put in place to given opportunities to evaluate the support children and young process throughout? people to play a role in communicating their own views?

Everyday Spaces Checklist

This checklist is designed as a guide to help you ensure that children and young people have a voice in decision-making. It can be applied to many everyday tuations including those that occur in classrooms, childcare settings, and youth ind sports clubs, as well as to activities conducted as part of youth projects, games, arts and creative initiatives.

do not use this checklist for developing policies, plans, services, programmes, ernance, research and legislation – use the Planning Checklist on page 18.

ease make sure that the ways you involve children and young people in decision-making are age-appropriate and accessible for all, whether in person or online.

 How can children and young people feel safe to express their views?

• Have you allowed enough time to listen to and hear their views?

 How do you make sure that all children and young people are heard?

- How are children and young people provided with the support they need to give their views and be heard?
- How can they raise the things that matter to them?
- How are they offered different ways of giving their views?

- How will children and young people know how much influence they can have on decisions?
- How will you give them feedback?
- How will you share with them the impact of their views on decisions?
- How will you explain the reasons for the decisions taken?

- How do you show that you are ready and willing to listen to children and young people's views?
- How do you make sure they understand what you can do with their views?

Source: Department of Children, Equality, Disability, Integration and Youth (2021): Participation Framework. National Framework for Children and Young People's Participation in Decision-making. Dublin https://hubnanog.ie/wpcontent/uploads/2021/04/5587-Child-Participation-Framework_report_LR_FINAL_Rev.pdf, p. 19 (left figure), p. 20 (right figure)

 \mathcal{S}

Checking with children that they felt that their voice was listened to

Source: Department of Children, Equality, Disability, Integration and Youth (2021): Participation Framework. National Framework for Children and Young People's Participation in Decision-making. Dublin https://hubnanog.ie/wp-content/uploads/2021/04/5587-Child-Participation-Framework_report_LR_FINAL_Rev.pdf, p. 21

Children and Young People's Online Feedback Form (for groups)

Boy [Girl [Other [] Tick the number of stars you would give to every			I don't know L			
SPACE	*	* *	* * *	* * * *	* * * * *	
have been listened to from the start						
felt comfortable giving my opinions						
felt safe giving my opinions						
A lot of different voices were included						
VOICE	*	**	***	****	****	
got the chance to give my opinions						
got enough information to help me give my opinion						
got support to have my voice heard						
understood what was being discussed						
could give my opinions whatever way I wanted						
had enough time to talk						
AUDIENCE	*	**	***	****	****	
know who wants to hear our opinions						
know why they want the opinions of young people						
They were honest about what they would try to do with our opinions						
NFLUENCE	*	**	***	****	****	
know where our opinions are going next						
know how we will be told about what happens to our opinions						
think what we said today will be taken seriously						
	_					
Were you able to get onto the platform?			Was it e	asy to use	?	

Part 3: Myths

CHILDREN ARE *THE* EXPERTS IN THEIR OWN LIVES



IT WOULD BE TOKENISTIC...

Participation is always imperfect

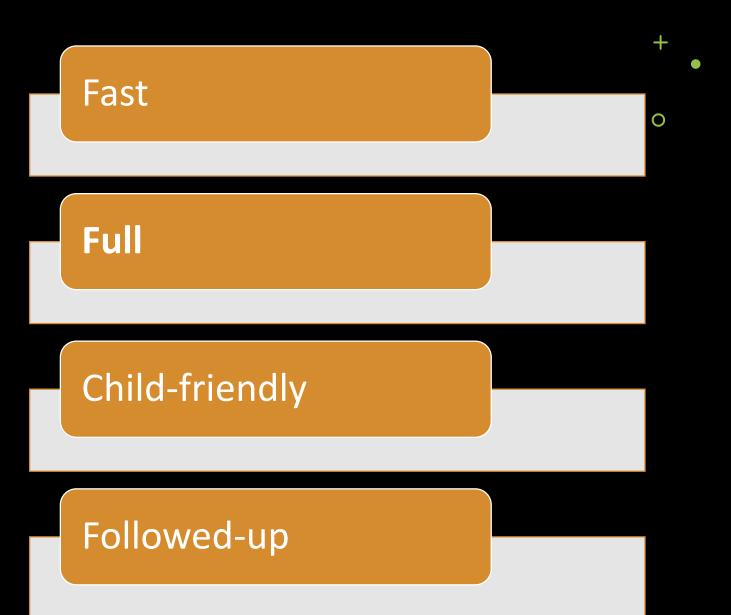
'Tokenism' may be a start.

Making 'meaningful engagement' a meaningful term

In 2007, trying to articulate the concept of influence, I settled, as others do, on *feedback:*

"... make it uncomfortable for adults to solicit children's views and then ignore them..."

The Four 'F' Framework for Feedback (Lundy, 2018)



A Framework for Feedback

What did you agree with ?

What, if anything, surprised you and why?

Did you disagree with anything? If so, what and why?

Has it influenced your views in any way? If so, how?

What have you decided?

What is happening next and when will it happen?

Participation v Protection

Autonomy v Welfare

A False Dichotomy

Best interests v Right to be heard

Article 3 v Article 12

Participation and (not versus) Protection



"It's not the gift of adults. It's the right of the child"

(Lundy 2007)